

Programmable Timer

Description:

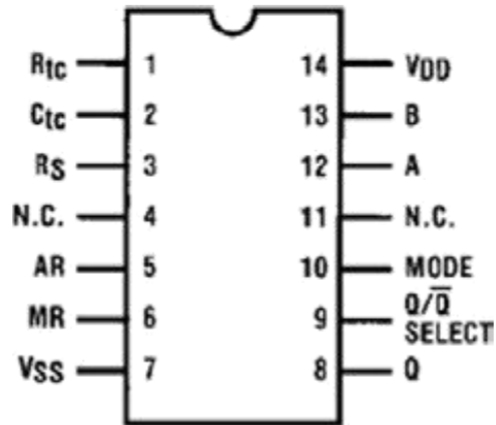
The CD4541 programmable timer consists of a 16 bit binary counter, a built-in oscillator (with external capacitors and two resistors), output control logic, and a special power on reset circuit. The particularity of the power reset circuit lies in: 1. No additional static current consumption; 2. Regardless of whether the power reset function is allowed or disabled, this function is effective throughout the entire voltage range (5-15V).

If the power on reset function is enabled, the internal timer and counter are initialized when the power is turned on. When the power supply is already turned on, external reset pulses can also initialize timers and counters. After the reset action is completed, the frequency of the built-in oscillator is determined by the external RC constant. A 16 bit counter divides the oscillator frequency by controlling the division ratio based on the value of any 4-bit binary number.

Features:

- Available division rates: 2_8 , 2_{10} , 2_{13} or 2_{16} .
- Built in low-power RC oscillator (capable of maintaining $\pm 2\%$ accuracy throughout the entire temperature range, $\pm 10\%$ accuracy, and $\pm 3\%$ process deviation accuracy across the entire operating power supply voltage range within a frequency range of less than 10kHz).
- Oscillator frequency range: DC~100kHz.
- When using an external clock, the internal oscillator can be bypassed.
- After the power is turned on, all counters are automatically reset and initialized.
- The external main reset is completely independent of the automatic reset operation.
- Can be used as a 2^n frequency divider or a single timer.
- The output logic level can be flexibly changed by selecting Q/Q.
- Reset (automatic or master reset) can put the oscillator in a disabled state during the reset period, reducing dynamic power consumption during this period. The clock adjustment circuit allows for extremely slow clock up and down times to operate.
- Wide power supply voltage range: 5.0-15V.
- Three level parameters of 5V-10V-15V.
- High noise tolerance $-0.45V_{DD}$ (typ).
- Within the entire temperature range of 15V, the maximum input leakage current is 1 μ A.

Pin Assignment:



Truth table

| pin no. | state | |
|---------|--|---|
| | 0 | 1 |
| 5 | Automatic reset operation | Prohibit automatic reset |
| 6 | Timer operation | Main reset |
| 9 | After resetting, the initial output value is low level | After resetting, the initial output value is high level |
| 10 | Single loop mode | Loop mode |

Frequency divider

| A | B | Nth counter level of data | 2N value |
|---|---|---------------------------|----------|
| 0 | 0 | 13 | 8192 |
| 0 | 1 | 10 | 1024 |
| 1 | 0 | 8 | 256 |
| 1 | 1 | 16 | 65536 |

Working characteristics

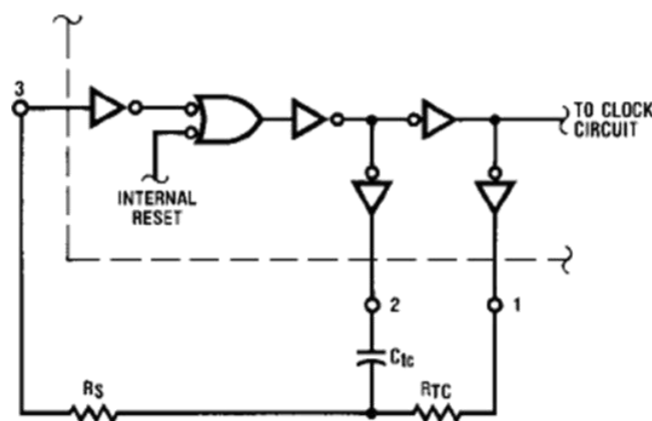
-When the automatic reset pin is set to "0", the counter circuit is initialized after the power is turned on. Alternatively, when the power supply is already connected and the main reset pin is set to "1", the counter circuit can also be initialized. Both of these reset methods can reset all counters Simultaneously reset, regardless of the original state of the counter.

-The frequency of an RC oscillator is determined by the external RC constant: $f=1/(2.3R_{tc}C_{tc})$ (frequency within the range of $1\text{kHz} \leq f \leq 100\text{kHz}$). The selected value for R_s is $R_s=2R_{tc}$ ($R_s \geq 10\text{k}\Omega$)

-The Q/Q pin is used to select the high or low output level. When the counter is in the reset state, if the Q/Q selection pin is set to "0", then the Q output is "0"; If the Q/Qselection pin is set to "1", then the Q output is "1".

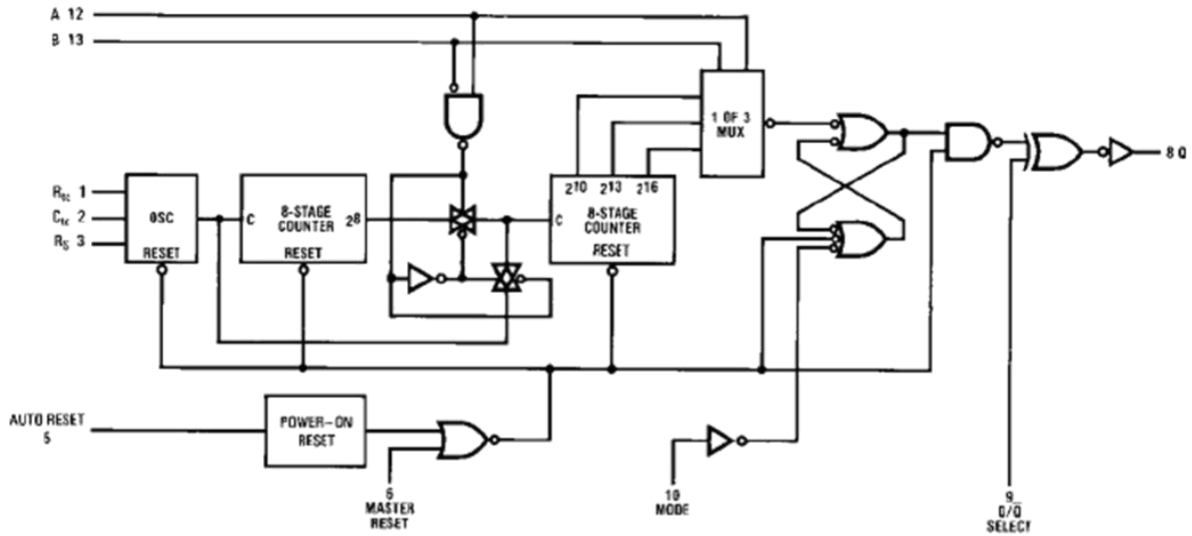
--When the mode control pin (Pin10) is set to "1", the selected count value is continuously transmitted to the output. When the mode control pin is set to "0" and in the reset state, the RS trigger is reset (see logic diagram). At the beginning of the line counting, after counting to $2n-1$, the RS trigger is set and causes a change in the output state. Therefore, after each count of $2n-1$, the output state is changed once. Therefore, it is necessary to apply a main reset pulse or change the level of the mode control pin in order to reset the single cycle operation.

-The timing selection input terminals (A and B) provide a two bit address to select any of the four counting stages (2^8 , 2^{10} , 2^{13} , or 2^{16}) for output. The $2n$ count in the frequency divider represents the Q-output of the Nth stage of the counter. When A is "1" and B is also "1", 2^{16} will be selected. When A is "1" and B is "0", the normal count will be interrupted, and the 9th level of the counter will skip the previous 8th level counter and directly receive the clock from the oscillator (effective count is 28 output).



RC configuration diagram for oscillator circuit use

Logic Block Diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings

| symbol | parameter | condition | value | unit |
|-----------|----------------------------|-----------|--------------------|------|
| V_{DD} | Power supply voltage range | | -0.5~+18 | V |
| V_{IN} | Input voltage range | | -0.5~ $V_{DD}+0.5$ | V |
| T_{stg} | Working temperature range | | -65~150 | °C |
| P_D | maximum power dissipation | DIP | 700 | mW |
| | | SOP | 500 | |
| T_L | Spot welding temperature | | 245 | °C |

Recommended working conditions

| symbol | parameter | condition | value | unit |
|--------|----------------------------|-----------|-------------|------|
| VDD | Power supply voltage range | | 5~15 | V |
| VIN | Input voltage range | | 0~ V_{DD} | V |
| TA | Working temperature range | | -40~85 | °C |

note:

The working conditions of the limit parameters exceed the range that ensures the normal operation of the device. Under extreme parameter conditions, the safety of device operation cannot be guaranteed. It is recommended that users use the devices according to the recommended working conditions in the electrical parameter table.

Unless otherwise specified, $V_S=0V$.

Electrical parameters

(Reference voltage: V_{SS})

| parameter | symbol | condition | V _{DD} | -40°C | | 25°C | | | +85°C | | unit |
|---------------------------|--------|--|-----------------|-------|------|-------|-------------------|------|-------|------|------|
| | | | | min | max | min | typ | max | min | max | |
| Static current | IDD | VIN=V _{DD} or V _{SS} | 5.0 | | 20 | | 0.005 | 20 | | 150 | μA |
| | | VIN=V _D or V _{SS} | 10 | | 40 | | 0.010 | 40 | | 300 | |
| | | VIN=V _{DD} or V _{SS} | 15 | | 80 | | 0.015 | 80 | | 600 | |
| Output low level | VOL | | 5.0 | | 0.05 | | 0 | 0.05 | | 0.05 | V |
| | | IO<1μA | 10 | | 0.05 | | 0 | 0.05 | | 0.05 | |
| | | | 15 | | 0.05 | | 0 | 0.05 | | 0.05 | |
| Output high level | VOH | | 5.0 | 4.95 | | 4.95 | 5 | | 4.95 | | V |
| | | IO<1μA | 10 | 9.95 | | 9.95 | 10 | | 9.95 | | |
| | | | 15 | 14.95 | | 14.95 | 15 | | 14.95 | | |
| Input low-level | VOL | VO=4.0 or 0.5V | 5.0 | | 1.5 | | 2 | 1.5 | | 1.5 | V |
| | | VO=9.0 or 1.0V | 10 | | 3.0 | | 4 | 3.0 | | 3.0 | |
| | | VO=13.0 or 1.5V | 15 | | 4.0 | | 6 | 4.0 | | 4.0 | |
| Input high level | VOH | VO=4.0 or 0.5V | 5.0 | 3.5 | | 3.5 | 3 | | 3.5 | | V |
| | | VO=9.0 or 1.0V | 10 | 7.0 | | 7.0 | 6 | | 7.0 | | |
| | | VO=13.0 or 1.5V | 15 | 11 | | 11 | 9 | | 11 | | |
| Low level output power | IOL | VOL=0.4 | 5.0 | 1.70 | | 1.30 | 2.0 | | 1.10 | | mA |
| | | VOL=0.5V | 10 | 2.40 | | 2.20 | 5.0 | | 2.00 | | |
| | | VOL=1.5V | 15 | 9.70 | | 8.50 | 15.0 | | 6.50 | | |
| High level output current | IOH | VOH=2.5V | 5.0 | 5.1 | | 3.20 | 6.80 | | 2.90 | | mA |
| | | VOH=9.5V | 10 | 3.80 | | 3.50 | 5.80 | | 2.85 | | |
| | | VOH=13.5V | 15 | 8.5 | | 7.0 | 16.0 | | 6.22 | | |
| Input current | IIN | VIN=0V | 15 | | -0.3 | | -10 ⁻⁵ | -0.3 | | -1.0 | μA |
| | | VIN=15V | 15 | | 3.0 | | 10 ⁻⁵ | 0.3 | | 1.0 | |

*: IOH and IOL are the results obtained by testing one output simultaneously.

Dynamic electrical parameters

(TA = 25°C)

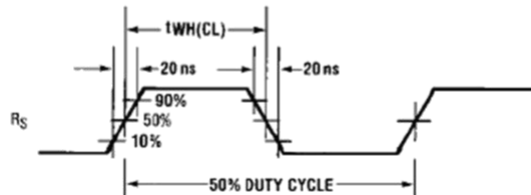
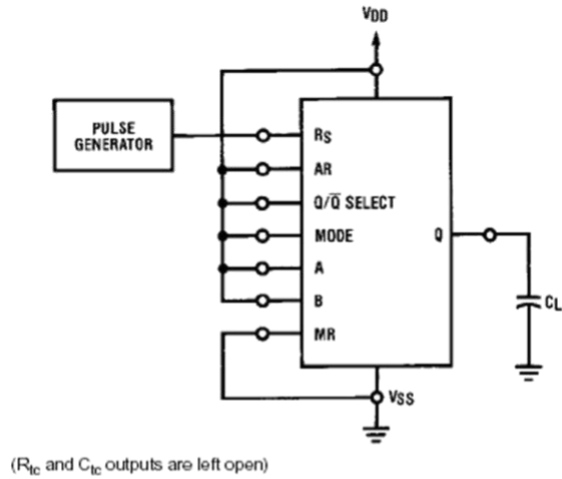
| symbol | parameter | condition | VDD | min | typ | max | unit |
|--------------|-------------------------------|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| tTLH | Output rise time | | 5V | | 50 | 200 | ns |
| | | | 10V | | 30 | 100 | |
| | | | 15V | | 25 | 80 | |
| tTHL | Output drop time | | 5V | | 50 | 200 | ns |
| | | | 10V | | 30 | 100 | |
| | | | 15V | | 25 | 80 | |
| tPLH tPHL | Transmission delay time | Power off and on transmission delay, from clock To Q | 5V | | 1.8 | 4.0 | ns |
| | | | 10V | | 0.6 | 1.5 | |
| | | | 15V | | 0.4 | 1.0 | |
| tPHL tPLH | Transmission delay time | Transmission delay of power on/off, from clock To Q | 5V | | 3.2 | 8.0 | ns |
| | | | 10V | | 1.5 | 3.0 | |
| | | | 15V | | 1.0 | 2.0 | |
| tWH | Clock pulse width | | 5V | 400 | 200 | | ns |
| | | | 10V | 200 | 100 | | |
| | | | 15V | 150 | 70 | | |
| tcl | Clock pulse frequency | | 5V | | 2.5 | 1.0 | MHz |
| | | | 10V | | 6.0 | 3.0 | |
| | | | 15V | | 8.5 | 4.0 | |
| tWH | MR pulse width | | 5V | 400 | 170 | | ns |
| | | | 10V | 200 | 75 | | |
| | | | 15V | 150 | 50 | | |
| CI | Average input capacitance | Any input | | | 5.0 | 7.5 | pF |
| CPD | Power consumption capacitance | | | | 100 | | pF |

Remarks:

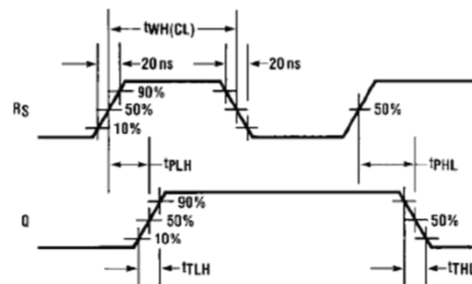
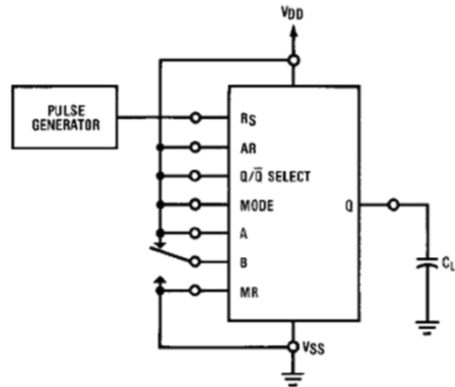
1. The accuracy of AC parameters is guaranteed by the relevant DC parameters. CPD represents the dynamic power consumption of each CMOS device when there is no load.

Test circuit and waveform diagram

Power consumption test circuit and waveform diagram

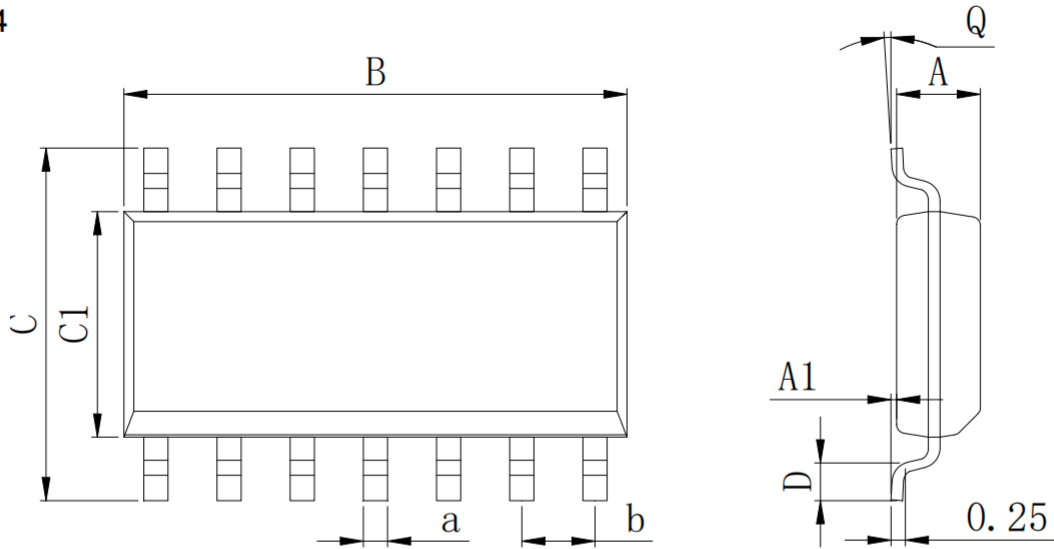


Switching time test circuit and waveform diagram



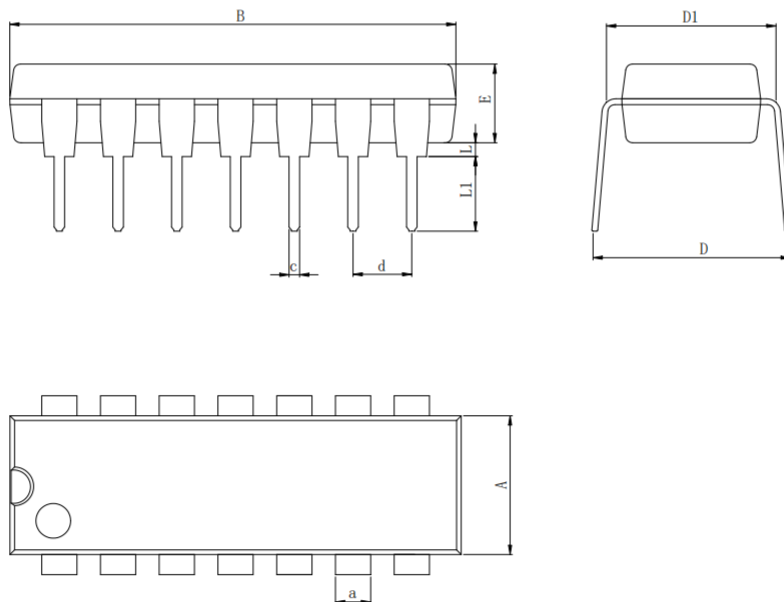
Packaging dimensions

SOP-14



| Dimensions In Millimeters(SOP14) | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|----|------|----------|
| Symbol: | A | A1 | B | C | C1 | D | Q | a | b |
| Min: | 1.35 | 0.05 | 8.55 | 5.80 | 3.80 | 0.40 | 0° | 0.35 | 1.27 BSC |
| Max: | 1.55 | 0.20 | 8.75 | 6.20 | 4.00 | 0.80 | 8° | 0.45 | |

DIP-14



| Dimensions In Millimeters(DIP14) | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|----------|
| Symbol: | A | B | D | D1 | E | L | L1 | a | c | d |
| Min: | 6.10 | 18.94 | 8.10 | 7.42 | 3.10 | 0.50 | 3.00 | 1.50 | 0.40 | 2.54 BSC |
| Max: | 6.68 | 19.56 | 10.9 | 7.82 | 3.55 | 0.70 | 3.60 | 1.55 | 0.50 | |